

## PART I

[A] 空欄(1)～(15)に入れるのに最もふさわしい語を、それぞれ与えられた選択肢から選び、解答欄に番号で記しなさい。

Your body is made up of millions of cells the same way ( 1 ) big city is made up of millions of people. Like people in a city, each of your ( 2 ) has a job to do.

When many cells ( 3 ) do the same job and they don't have to move around ( 4 ) to do it, they gather in one place and work together. The group ( 5 ) cells is then called an organ.

In a city, people who all ( 6 ) the same job organize, too. They might all go to the ( 7 ) place to work or get together in labor unions. People—and cells—often ( 8 ) jobs done better when they work together.

When there is a really ( 9 ) job to be done, organs get together and work with other organs. ( 10 ) organ will do a part of the work. When organs work together ( 11 ) this, they are called an organ system.

In a city, the same ( 12 ) of thing happens. Hospitals, doctors, nurses, and ambulances are all parts of ( 13 ) health care system. Each group does a different part of the work ( 14 ) that one system. Groups of people—like organs—often find it easier to reach their goal ( 15 ) they work as a team.

- |                |           |           |            |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 1. 1 a         | 2 as      | 3 certain | 4 some     |
| 2. 1 bodies    | 2 cells   | 3 organs  | 4 parts    |
| 3. 1 all       | 2 each    | 3 hardly  | 4 scarcely |
| 4. 1 far       | 2 little  | 3 much    | 4 more     |
| 5. 1 for       | 2 in      | 3 of      | 4 with     |
| 6. 1 do        | 2 help    | 3 make by | 4 work for |
| 7. 1 different | 2 diverse | 3 same    | 4 similar  |
| 8. 1 do        | 2 get     | 3 make    | 4 work     |
| 9. 1 big       | 2 busy    | 3 lots    | 4 much     |
| 10. 1 An       | 2 Any     | 3 Each    | 4 No       |
| 11. 1 as       | 2 for     | 3 like    | 4 with     |
| 12. 1 kind     | 2 look    | 3 method  | 4 style    |

- |     |              |              |         |        |
|-----|--------------|--------------|---------|--------|
| 13. | 1 a          | 2 another    | 3 the   | 4 your |
| 14. | 1 because of | 2 despite    | 3 for   | 4 on   |
| 15. | 1 after      | 2 all in all | 3 as if | 4 when |

[ B ] 与えられた語句から最もふさわしいものを選び、解答欄に番号で記しなさい。

16. I often (1 address 2 ask 3 speak 4 tell) myself that I should study more, but I never do.
17. The clerk could only reach the top shelf (1 by 2 for 3 from 4 with) standing on a ladder.
18. Oh, my train's arriving. I'll call you later when (1 I had 2 I have 3 I'll have 4 I'm having) more time.
19. I was so busy. My homework kept me at my desk (1 by 2 for 3 since 4 until) the whole winter break.
20. I am upset (1 by 2 for 3 on 4 with) Allan because he has not answered any of my recent email messages.
21. My study group at school (1 did 2 had 3 made 4 were) some research into the health of women in China.
22. I might pass the test, (1 by that 2 for that 3 in each 4 in which) case I will treat myself to a movie with friends.
23. I believed, as (1 did 2 got 3 have 4 were) my friends, that there would be a test on Friday, but we were mistaken.
24. I haven't seen Mikiko for nearly three months. I wish she (1 was being 2 were 3 would be 4 would have been) here now.
25. I am a pretty easy-going fellow, so I don't generally mind (1 being kept 2 by keeping 3 having kept 4 keeping) waiting.
26. I don't think that I can tell you how to get to the store, as I (1 can't go 2 don't go 3 haven't been 4 won't be) there before.

27. The weather report said there was likely to be rain everywhere in Japan (1 apart 2 aside 3 besides 4 except) Hokkaido.
28. There being only two trains a day to the village, we decided (1 by driving 2 driving 3 drove 4 to drive) instead of waiting.
29. I studied until one o'clock last night, but I couldn't go to sleep (1 although 2 despite 3 in spite 4 regardless) I was exhausted.
30. I'm surprised that you went there. (1 Most of tourists 2 Most the tourists 3 Most tourists 4 The most tourists) don't visit that part of town.
31. It was late when I got home and I managed to get to my room without my mother (1 being seen by 2 seeing 3 seeing by 4 seen) me.
32. Yoshi used to be able to play the piano well, but he can't anymore since he stopped practicing it (1 after 2 over 3 since 4 while) ten years ago.
33. I (1 gave up for me to try 2 gave up my trying 3 had to give up to try 4 have given up trying) to learn to play the flute. It's just too difficult for me.
34. "Hey. My bike's been moved." "(1 So have you 2 So it has 3 That's it 4 There are you). Now you won't park it in front of the station anymore."
35. I was extremely tired when I got off the plane from London. I (1 had been traveling 2 had traveling 3 have had travel 4 was traveled) for more than 24 hours.

[C] 下線をつけた箇所から不適切な表現を選び、解答欄に番号で記しなさい。

36. 1) With the topic of travel, I 2) talked to Julie 3) about going skiing 4) over the winter break.
37. I 1) like cooking but I 2) don't interest 3) in Indian food 4) because it is so spicy.

38. 1) It was 2) because of his headache 3) why Masato 4) didn't come to the party.
39. We walked 1) so long way 2) that my feet 3) started to hurt me and I 4) ended up with blisters.
40. I 1) really like to 2) enjoy with my friends at the 3) weekend when we can 4) get together and relax.
41. I was wondering if you 1) could borrow me 2) that pen for a few minutes 3) while 4) I fill out this form.
42. 1) Regarding to the matter of homework, the teacher said that 2) we wouldn't 3) have 4) any tonight.
43. Last week 1) I've been visiting Sapporo and Niigata 2) but I still want to 3) go to Kyoto 4) if I get the chance.
44. I've 1) only lived in Tokyo 2) a few weeks and I sometimes 3) feel lonely because I have 4) little friends here.
45. He hasn't told 1) about it to me, but I 2) think we are going to 3) leave around eight 4) in the morning.
46. Nancy, 1) that speaks English and French, sometimes 2) works as a tour guide 3) for people 4) visiting Tokyo.
47. 1) Did you see the newspaper about the man who 2) stole car in Tokyo and 3) drove it 4) all the way to Osaka.
48. Susan, I'm sorry for 1) confusing. The day 2) I meant was Thursday March 22, not 21 as 3) I wrote 4) in my email.
49. Jerry stopped 1) contacting to me because 2) he had moved to Osaka and 3) he was very busy 4) getting used to his new school.
50. It 1) may be a character flaw, but I always try to do things 2) by myself 3) for avoiding the mistakes that others 4) might make.

## PART II

[A] 以下は、米国のダウン症の少女が自らについて語ったものである。これを読み、設問に答えなさい。

When people ask me what Down syndrome\* is, I tell them it's an extra chromosome\*\*. A doctor would tell you the extra chromosome causes an intellectual disability that makes it harder for me to learn things.

When my mom first told me I had Down syndrome, 1) I worried that people might think I wasn't as smart as they were, or that I talked or looked different.

I just want to be like everyone else, so sometimes I wish I could give back the extra chromosome. But 2) having Down syndrome is what makes me "me." And I'm proud of who I am. I'm a hard worker, a good person, and I care about my friends.

Even though I have Down syndrome, my life is a lot like yours. I read books and watch TV. I listen to music with my friends. I'm on the swim team and in chorus at school. I think about the future, like getting married. And 3) I get along with my sisters—except when they take my CDs without asking!

But sometimes it's hard being with typical kids. For instance, I don't drive, but a lot of kids in my school do. 4) I don't know if I'll ever be able to, and that's hard to accept.

I try not to let things like that upset me and just think of all the good things in my life. Like that I've published two songs. One of my favorite things to do is write poetry, and this singer my dad knows recorded some of my poems as singles.

It's true that I don't learn some things as fast as other people. But that won't stop me from trying. I just know that if I work really hard and be myself, I can do almost anything.

I can't change that I have Down syndrome, but one thing I would change is how people think of me. I'd tell them: Judge me as a whole person, not just the person you see. Treat me with respect, and accept me for who I am. Most important, just be my friend. After all, I would do 5) the same for you.

注

\* Down syndrome = ダウン症

\*\* chromosome = 染色体

## 設問

1. 下線部 1) を日本語に訳しなさい。
2. 下線部 2) を日本語に訳しなさい。
3. 下線部 3) を日本語に訳しなさい。
4. 下線部 4) を日本語に訳しなさい。
5. 下線部 5) にある “the same” の具体的内容は何か。30字程度の日本語で説明しなさい。

- [B] 以下は “What do dreams mean?” と題する、5 段落で構成される文章である。  
次の出だしの段落に段落 (A) ～ (C) を続ける場合、全体の論旨の展開から考  
えてどのような順で並べると最も適切か。下記の各問の答えを選択式解答用紙に  
番号で記しなさい。

**出だしの段落** Many dreams, at least the ones we remember, are so strange and interesting that it feels like they must have some deep meaning or important messages. The experts have very different opinions about this.

(A) In spite of these differences, many dream experts agree that recurring dreams, dreams that you keep having over and over, probably have some sort of special meaning. Even if you consider most of your dreams to be strange stories that don't relate to your normal life, it could be that a dream that keeps reappearing is trying to tell you something.

(B) Many dream researchers have views that are somewhere in between these two opinions. Dreams, they say, are not always filled with meaning. Sometimes dreams are just your mind playing with thoughts and images from your life, or things you may have read or seen on TV. But other times, dreams are a special opportunity for you to make sense of your life, especially things that you want to achieve, or things that cause you trouble or stress.

(C) Some believe that dreams aren't connected to our real emotions or thoughts. Other dream specialists think that what we see in our dreams has very specific meaning for our life. Dreams, they feel, are like a window into our deepest desires and biggest fears, and interpreting our dreams (trying to find the hidden meaning) can help us figure out what's really going on in our brains and our lives. In this theory, a dream is a direct message from your mind, telling you about problems that need to be solved, fears that need to be put to rest, or goals that need to be followed.

**最後の段落** You might want to try remembering the details of a recurring dream and making sense of what it might be telling you.

## 設問

### 1. 出だしの段落にすぐ続く段落

- 1 (A)          2 (B)          3 (C)

### 2. 段落 (A) にすぐ続く段落

- 1 (B)          2 (C)          3 最後の段落

### 3. 段落 (B) にすぐ続く段落

- 1 (A)          2 (C)          3 最後の段落

### 4. 段落 (C) にすぐ続く段落

- 1 (A)          2 (B)          3 最後の段落



[C] 以下の設問に答えなさい。

In 100 to 150 words in English, write a short essay in response to the following question.

“In many apartments, it is against the rules to keep a pet, such as a dog or cat. What would you do if you found out your neighbor was keeping a dog in his or her apartment even though it was against the rules? Be specific and explain your thinking.”

【出典】

PART I

[A] Baker, L. S. *You and leukemia: a day at a time*. 2002 Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders.

PART II

[A] Riggio, M. (as told to R. Buchholz) I have Down syndrome—know me before you judge me. *National Geographic Kids*. 2009

<http://kids.nationalgeographic.com/Stories/PeoplePlaces/Downsyndrome>

[B] Dreams: What do dreams mean? *It's my life*. PBS Kids. 2009

<http://pbskids.org/itsmylife/index.html>

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教科・科目	誤	→	正
外国語	p.5 [C] 47. ▪ Osaka_	→	p.5 [C] 47. ▪ Osaka_?